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(54) **KEYBOARD MOUNTING MECHANISM**

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**248/918**

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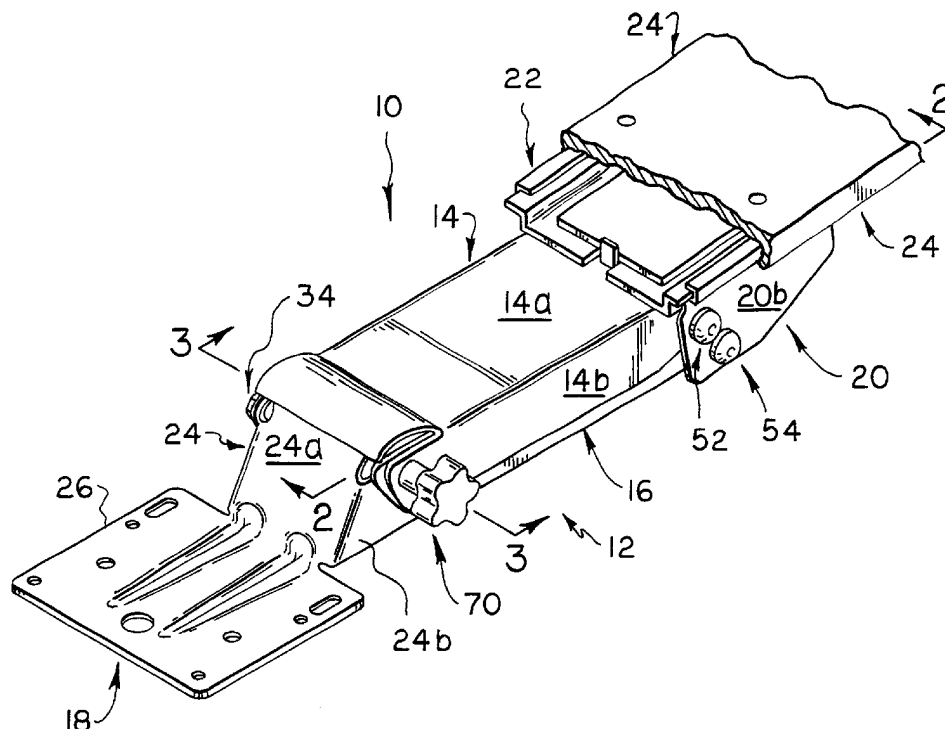
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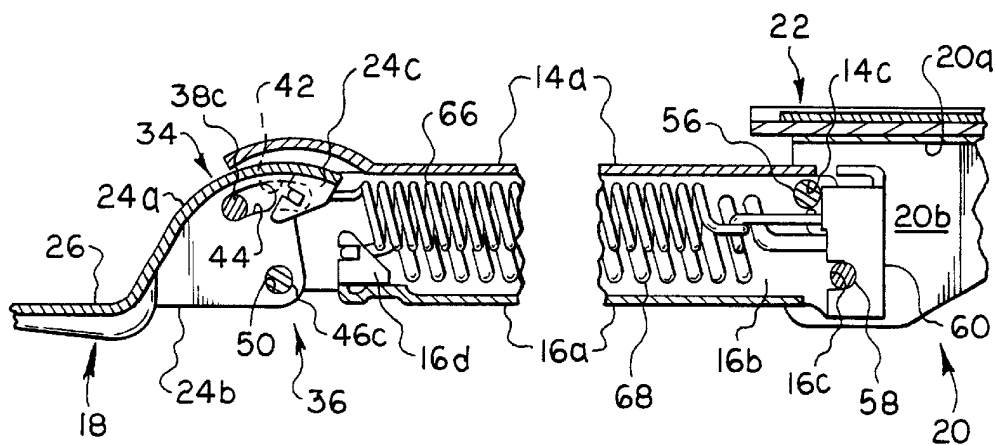
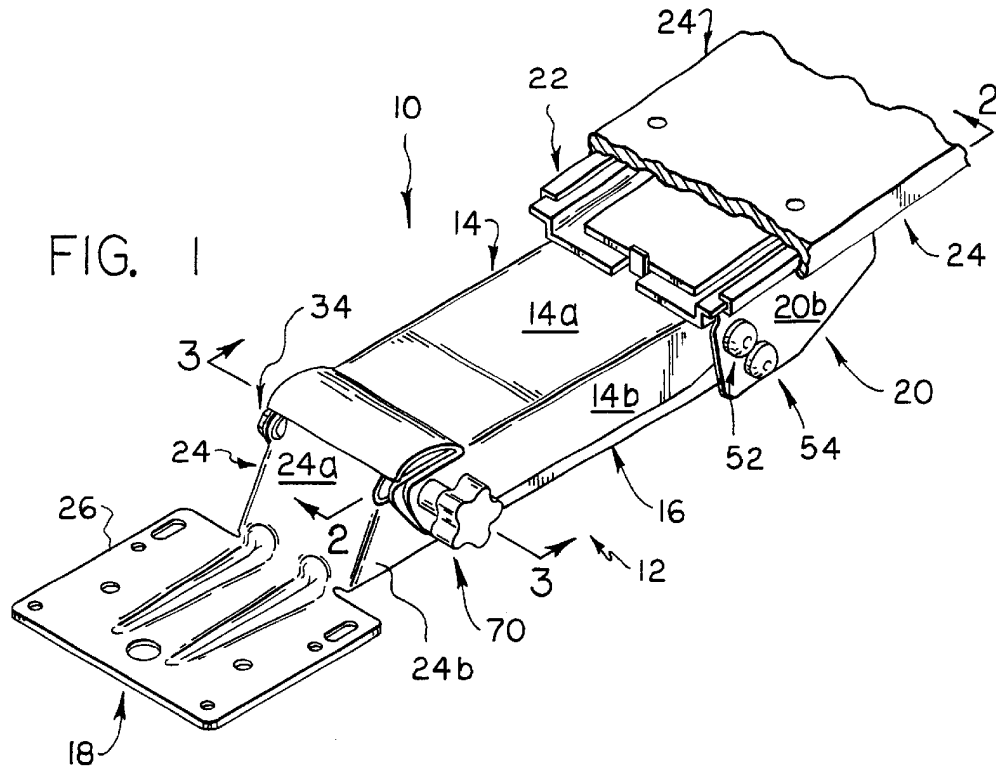
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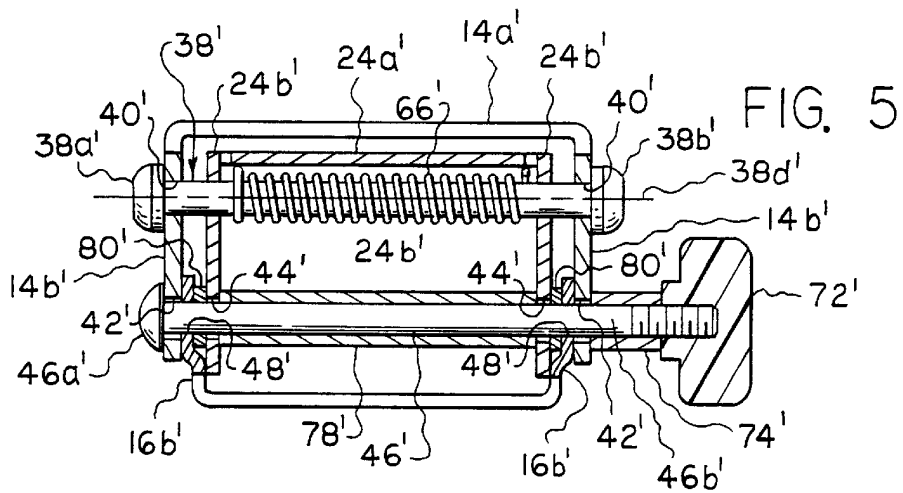
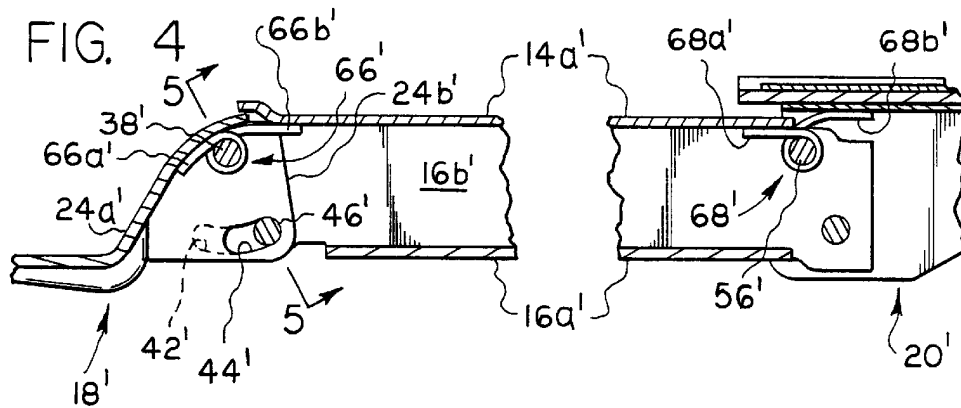
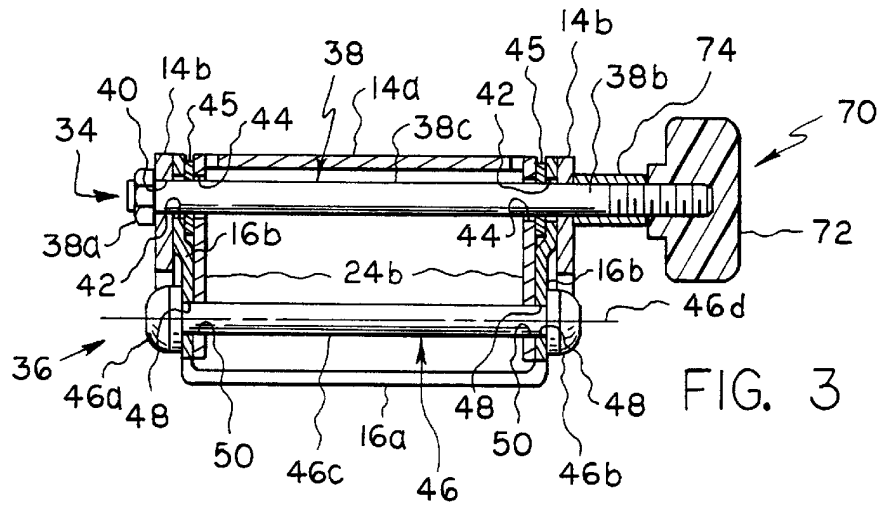
(57) **ABSTRACT**

A mechanism for mounting a keyboard supporting surface on a base including a linkage for mounting the surface for vertical swinging movement relative to the base and for vertical tilting movement relative thereto, a lock device for simultaneously locking the surface against swinging and tilting movements, a counterbalance spring for opposing downwardly directed swinging movement of said surface and a return spring for opposing downwardly directed tilting movement of said surface.

**3 Claims, 2 Drawing Sheets**







## KEYBOARD MOUNTING MECHANISM

This application claims the benefit of PCT International Application Ser. No. PCT/US98/23246, filed Nov. 13, 1998.

## BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

It is known to support a surface, such as may be defined by a keyboard supporting tray, for vertically swinging movement relative to a base, such as may be defined by the top of a table or work station, by a mechanism including a pair of link elements each having first and second ends thereof pivotally connected to a surface mounting element and a base mounting element, respectively. Such mechanisms typically include a counterbalance spring tending to bias the surface mounting element and link elements upwardly relative to the base, and a manually operable locking mechanism serving to releasably retain the surface mounting element in a desired vertical position.

It has also been proposed to provide an additional bracket serving to interconnect the surface mounting element to the link elements in a manner allowing downwardly directed tilting movement of the surface mounting element in combination with an additional manually operable locking mechanism serving to releasably retain the surface mounting element in a desired tilted position.

Known clamping mechanisms are disclosed for example by U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,616,798; 4,644,875; 4,691,888; 5,037,054 and 5,791,263.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to improvements in mechanisms for mounting a keyboard supporting surface for both vertical swinging movement relative to a base and for vertical tilting movements under the control of a single or common locking mechanism, wherein a spring bias is provided for opposing both vertically downwardly directed swinging and tilting movements of the keyboard supporting surface.

In the preferred construction of the present mechanism, separate counterbalance and return or tilt control springs are provided in order to permit individually controlled swinging and tilting movements of the keyboard supporting surface.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The nature and mode of operation of the present invention will now be more fully described in the following detailed description taken with the accompanying drawings wherein:

FIG. 1 is a prospective view of a keyboard mounting mechanism incorporating the invention;

FIG. 2 is a fragmentary sectional view taken generally along the line 2—2 in FIG. 1;

FIG. 3 is a sectional view taken generally along the line 3—3 in FIG. 1;

FIG. 4 is a fragmentary sectional view similar to FIG. 2, but showing alternative form of the present invention; and

FIG. 5 is a sectional view similar to FIG. 3, but showing the alternative form of the present invention.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Reference is first made to FIG. 1, wherein a keyboard mounting mechanism formed in accordance with the present invention is designated as 10, and shown as generally including a linkage 12 comprising first or upper and second or lower link elements 14 and 16 having first or front ends

pivotaly connected to a first element 18, which is adapted for mounting a keyboard supporting surface, not shown, and second or rear ends pivotally connected to a second element 20, which is adapted for mounting on a suitable base, such as may be defined by the top of a table or work station, not shown, either directly or via a guide plate 22 slidably received within a guide track 24. Link elements 14 and 16, and first and second elements 18 and 20 cooperate to define a four-bar linkage, which is preferably a parallelogram linkage.

Link elements 14 and 16 are best shown in FIGS. 1, 2 and 3 as being of generally U-shaped configuration having upper and lower bridging panels 14a and 16a, respectively, and parallel and vertically extending side panels 14b, 14b and 16b, 16b, respectively, wherein the inwardly facing surfaces of side panels 14b, 14b are parallel to and closely adjacent the outwardly facing surfaces of side panels 16b, 16b.

First element 18 is shown as comprising an inverted generally U-shaped mounting portion 24 having a bridging panel 24a and a pair of parallel side panels 24b, 24b arranged with their oppositely facing or outer surfaces disposed in a closely-spaced and parallel relationship to the facing or inner surfaces of side panels 16b and 16b. Bridging panel 24a is also formed integrally with a mounting plate 26 adapted for mounting a keyboard supporting tray or other suitable work surface, not shown.

Second element 20 is shown as having an inverted, generally U-shaped configuration defined by a bridging panel 20a and a pair of parallel side panels 20b, 20b arranged with their facing or inner surfaces disposed in a parallel relationship and relatively adjacent the oppositely or outwardly-facing surfaces of side panels 14b and 14b.

The first ends of link elements 14 and 16 are connected to first element 18 by first pivot means, shown as including a first or upper and a second or lower pivot devices 34 and 36. As best shown in FIG. 3, upper pivot device 34 includes a pivot pin 38 having an enlarged first end 38a, a threaded second end 38b and a mid-portion 38c arranged to extend through bore openings 40, 40 formed in side panels 14b, 14b; arcuate slots 42, 42, formed in side panels 16b, 16b; and arcuate slots 44, 44 formed in side panels 24b, 24b. Spacer washers 45, 45 are arranged concentrically of pivot pin intermediate side walls 16b, 24b and 16b, 24b.

Lower pivot device 36 includes a pivot pin 46 having enlarged first and second ends 46a and 46b, and a mid-portion 46c arranged to extend through bore openings 48, 48 formed in side panels 16b, 16b and bore openings 50, 50 formed in side panels 24b, 24b. Slots 42, 42 and 44, 44 are arranged equidistant from the center or pivot axis 46d of pivot pin 46.

Second ends of link elements 14 and 16 are connected to second element 20 by second pivot means including upper end and lower pivot devices 52 and 54, which include pivot pins 56 and 58 whose ends are received within pairs of aligned upper and lower bore openings, not shown, formed in side panels 20b, 20b, and aligned pairs of bore openings provided in side panels 14b and 16b, only one of each of such pairs of bore openings being shown in FIG. 2 as 14c and 16c. Pivot pins 56 and 58 are parallel to each other and pivot pins 38 and 46.

A spring mounting bracket 60 is shown in FIG. 2 as being arranged within second element 20 and disposed to bear against pivot pins 56 and 58. Spring mounting bracket 60 is suitably connected to the rear ends of return or tilt control and counterbalance springs 66 and 68, whose forward ends are connected to bracket tabs 24c and 16d, formed internally

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with a rearwardly disposed edge of panel **24a** of first element **18** and a forwardly disposed edge of panel **16a** of lower link **16**, respectively.

Return spring **66** tends to bias first element **18** for upwardly directed tilting movement in a direction extending clockwise of lower pivot pin axis **46d** into an uppermost tilt position defined for instance by engagement of pivot pin **38** with the left hand end of slot **44**, as shown in FIG. 2. When the clamping mechanism of the present invention designated generally as **70** in FIGS. 1 and 3 is in its release position to be described, first element **18** may be swung counterclockwise against the bias of return spring **66** about lower pivot pin **46** until it assumes a lower tilted position, not shown, defined for instance by engagement of pivot pin **38** with the right hand end of slot **44**, as will become apparent from viewing FIG. 2.

Counterbalance spring **68** tends to bias first element **18** to swing upwardly relative to second element **20** from a suitably lower storage position, not shown, through intermediate use positions, only one of which is shown in FIGS. 1 and 2, into a suitably defined upper use position, also not shown. When clamping mechanism **70** is in its clamping position to be described, first element **18** is clamped against tilting or pivotal movement about pivot pin **46** and again vertical swinging movements relative to second element **20**. When the clamping mechanism is in its release position, return spring **66** cooperates with counterbalance spring **68** to bias the first element for vertical movement relative to the second element.

The clamping mechanism employed in the practice of the present invention may be variously defined, but may in its simplest form include a manually operable knob **72** threaded onto upper pivot pin threaded end portion **38b** for engagement with a sleeve **74** arranged to end abut against an outer surface of one of side panels **14b**; **14b**. Tightening knob **72** simultaneously serves to clamp side panels **14b**; **14b**; side panels **16b**; **16b** and side panels **24b**; **24b** between sleeve **74** and pivot pin enlarged end **38a**, and thereby prevent tilting movement of element **18** about pivot pin **46** and relative movement between link elements **14** and **16**. Conversely, the slight unthreading of knob **72** simultaneously releases element **18** for tilting and vertical swinging movements.

An alternate construction is shown in FIGS. 4 and 5, wherein element **18'** is shown as being supported for tilting movement about pivot axis **38d'** of upper pivot pin **38'**, and slots **42'**, and **44'** arranged to receive lower pivot pin **46'** with slot **44'** cooperating with lower pivot pin **46'** to define the limits of tilting movement of element **18'**. More specifically, side walls **14b'**; **14b'**, of upper link **14'** have aligned bore openings **40'**; **40'** for receiving pivot pin **38'** and slots **42'** and **42'**; and the side walls **16b'** and **16b'** of lower link **16** have aligned bore openings **48'**; **48'** to receive lower pivot pin **46'**. Further, upper pivot pin **38'** is provided with enlarged ends **38a'**; **38b'**; lower pivot pin **46'** is provided with an enlarged first end **46a'** and a threaded second end **46b'** for receiving a clamping sleeve **74'** and a manually operable knob **72'**; a spacer sleeve **78'** is disposed concentrically of pivot pin **46'** in order to prevent converging movement of side walls **24b'** when the knob is tightened; and spacer washers **80'**; **80'** are disposed concentrically of pivot pin **46'** intermediate side walls **16b'**; **24b'** and **16b'**; **24b'**.

FIG. 4 further illustrates a modified return spring arrangement, wherein a coil-type torsion spring **66'** is disposed concentrically of pivot pin **38'** with its opposite ends **66a'** and **66b'** arranged to bear against the downwardly facing surfaces of bridging panels **24a'** and **14a'**. Further, in

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FIG. 4, a modified counterbalance spring arrangement is shown, wherein a coil-type torsion spring **68'** is disposed concentrically of pivot pin **56'** with its opposite ends **68a** and **68b** arranged to bear on the downwardly facing surfaces of bridging panels **14a'** and **20a'**, respectively.

As with the first embodiment of the invention shown in FIGS. 1-3, the alternative embodiment employs return spring **66'** to bias first element **18'** for clockwise directed movement relative upper link **14** and counterbalance spring **68'** to bias the upper link for clockwise directed swinging movement relative to second element **20'**.

It is contemplated that various combinations of tension and torsion springs may be employed and, if desired, one or both such springs replaced by other known spring devices, such as gas operated springs. Still further, it is contemplated that a single spring extending for example between bracket **60** and tab **24c** may be employed to perform both return and counterbalance functions, although separate springs are preferred.

What is claimed is:

1. A mechanism for mounting a keyboard supporting surface for movement relative to a base comprising:

first and second link elements each having a first and a second end;

first and second elements adapted to be connected to said surface and said base, respectively;

first and second pivot means for movably connecting said first and second ends of said first and second link elements to said first and second elements, respectively, to permit vertical swinging movement of said first element relative to said second element, said first pivot means including first and second pivot devices, said first pivot device extends through a bore opening in said first end of one of said first and second link elements and an arcuate slot formed in said first end of the other of said first and second link elements and said first element, said second pivot device extends through bore openings in said first end of said other of said first and second link elements and said first element; said first and second pivot devices have parallel pivot axes and said slots have like radii of curvature measured from a pivot axis of said second pivot device;

spring means for opposing downwardly directed vertical swinging movement of said first element relative to said second element and downwardly directed tilting movement of said first element about said second pivot device, said spring means includes tilt and counterbalance springs, said tilt spring being connected between said second element and said first element for creating a bias tending to tilt said first element upwardly about said second pivot device and said counterbalance spring being connected between said second element and said first end of said second link element for creating a bias tending to swing said first element upwardly relative to said second element; and

clamping means associated with said first pivot device for simultaneously opposing said vertical swinging movement of said first element relative to said second element and said tilting movement of said first element about said second pivot device.

2. A mechanism according to claim 1, wherein said second pivot means includes a pair of pivot pins connecting said second ends of said first and second link elements to said second element, and a spring mounting bracket is provided for connecting both of said springs to said second element.

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3. A mechanism for mounting a keyboard supporting surface for movement relative to a base comprising:

upper and lower link elements each having a first and a second end,

first and second elements adapted to be connected to said surface and said base, respectively;

first and second pivot means for movably connecting said first and second ends of said upper and lower link elements to said first and second elements, respectively, to permit vertical swinging movement of said surface relative to said base, said first pivot means including upper and lower pivot pins, said upper pivot pin extends through a bore opening in said first end of said upper link element and arcuate slots formed in said first end of said lower link element and said first element, said lower pivot pin extends through bore openings in said first end of said lower link element and said first element; said upper and lower pivot pins have parallel pivot axes and said slots having like radii of curvature measured from a pivot axis of said second pivot pin;

spring means for opposing downwardly directed vertical swinging movement of said first element relative to

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said second element and downwardly directed tilting movement of said first element about said lower pivot pin, said spring means includes tilt and counterbalance tension springs arranged to extend lengthwise of said upper link element, said springs each having first and second ends, said second pivot means includes a pair of pivot pins for pivotally connecting said second ends of said upper and lower link elements to said second element, and a spring mounting bracket is arranged to bear on said pair of pivot pins for connecting said second ends of said springs to said second element, said first end of said tilt spring being connected to first element, and said first end of said counterbalance spring being connected to said first end of said lower link element, and

clamping means associated with said upper pivot pin for simultaneously opposing vertical swinging movement of said first element relative to said second element and tilting movement of said first element about said second pivot pin.

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