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Manther et al.

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(54) **SWITCHING ROLLER FINGER FOLLOWER
WITH LOCKING MECHANISM**

USPC 123/90.15, 90.16
See application file for complete search history.

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U.S.C. 154(b) by 137 days.

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(65) **Prior Publication Data**

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Related U.S. Application Data

(57) **ABSTRACT**

(60) Provisional application No. 61/820,971, filed on May
8, 2013.

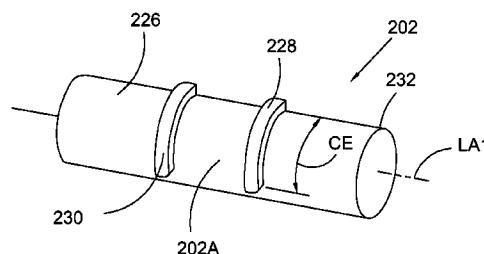
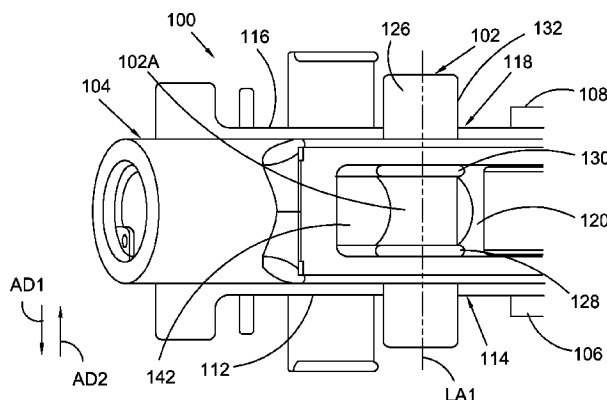
A switching roller finger follower, including: a housing with
a first wall with a first opening, a second wall with a second
opening, and an interior space at least partially formed by the
walls; first and second outer arms; and a locking pin disposed
in the openings and including a longitudinal axis, a body, and
first and second protrusions extending radially outward from
the body, formed of a same piece of material as the body, and
at least one of which is located within the space. A respective
portion of at least one of the first or second protrusions is
aligned with the first or second wall in a direction parallel to
the first longitudinal axis. The locking pin is displaceable
such that: in a locked mode, the locking pin blocks pivoting of
the arms; and in an unlocked mode, the locking pin is free of
contact with the arms.

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F01L 13/00 (2006.01)
F01L 1/18 (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**
CPC **F01L 13/0005** (2013.01); **F01L 1/18**
(2013.01); **F01L 2001/186** (2013.01); **F01L**
2105/00 (2013.01); **Y10T 29/49247** (2015.01)

(58) **Field of Classification Search**
CPC F01L 2105/00; F01L 1/185; F01L 1/182;
F01L 1/18; F01L 2001/186; F01L 1/2416;
F01L 1/181; Y10T 74/20882; Y10T 29/49247

20 Claims, 11 Drawing Sheets



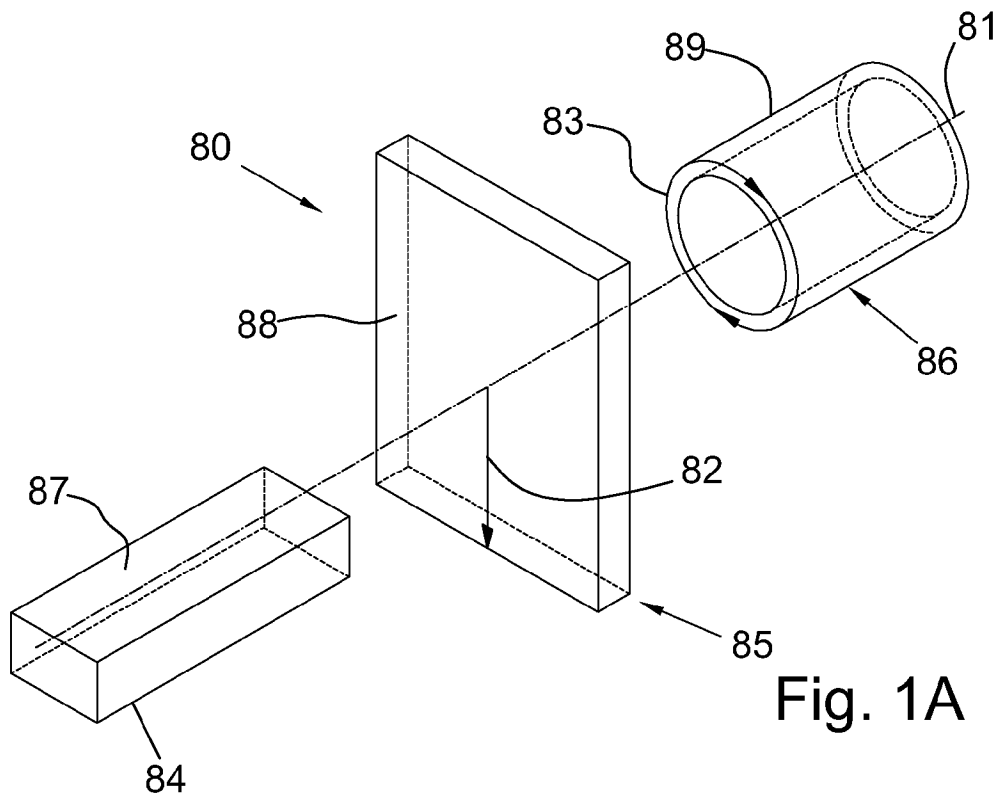


Fig. 1A

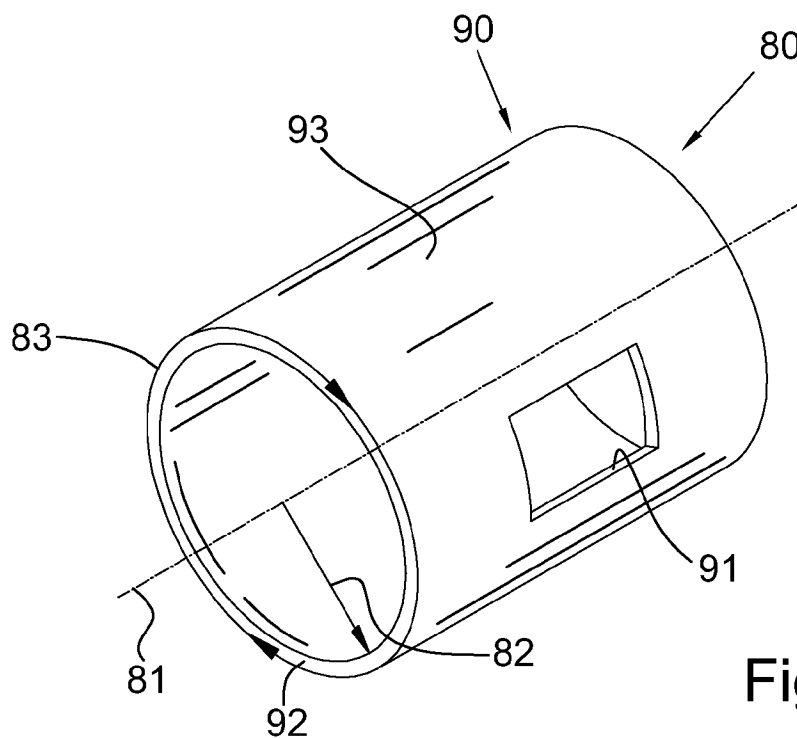


Fig. 1B

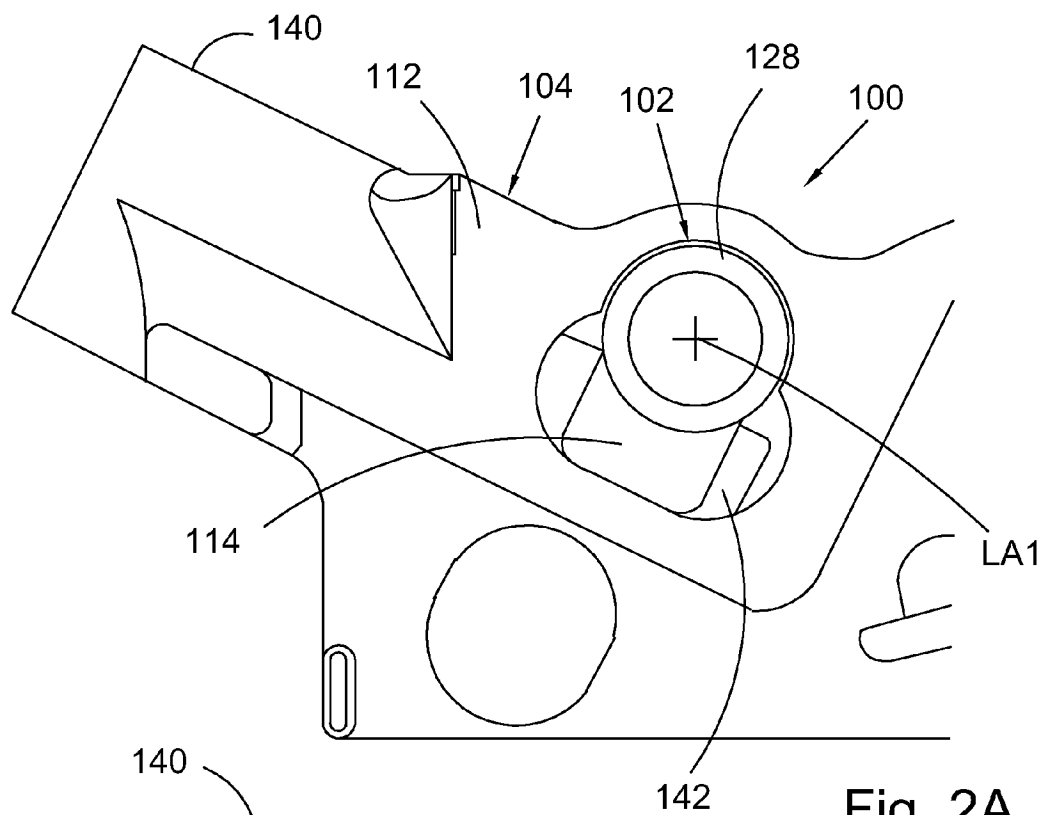


Fig. 2A

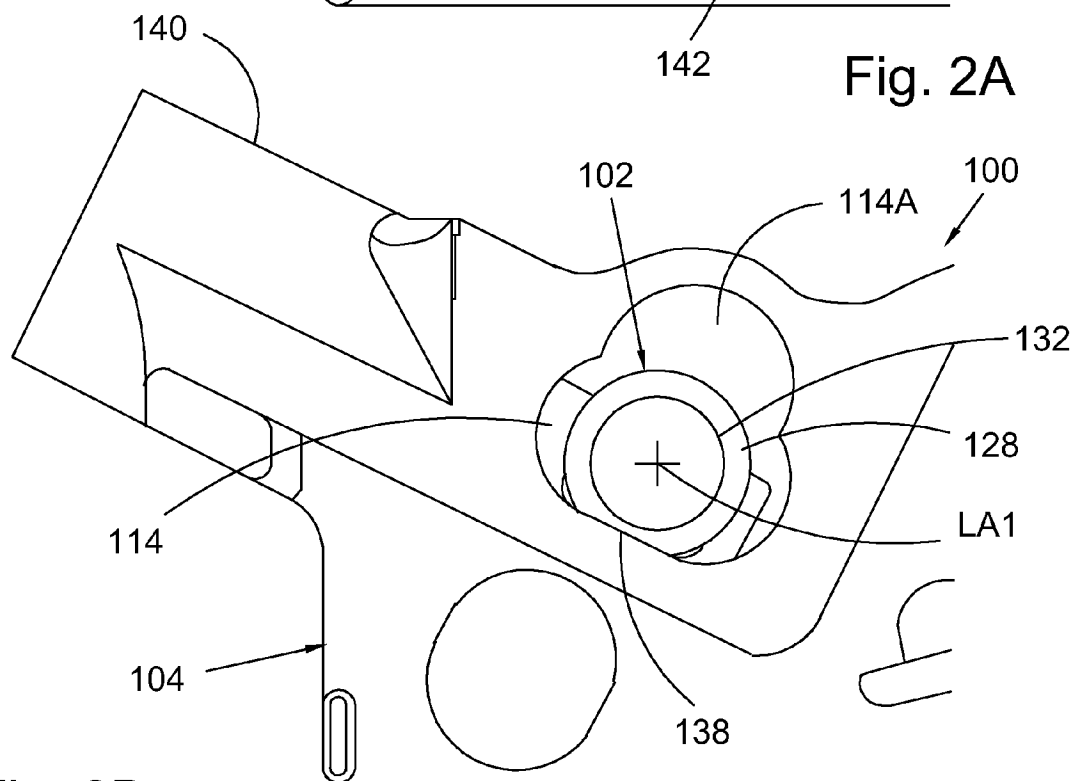
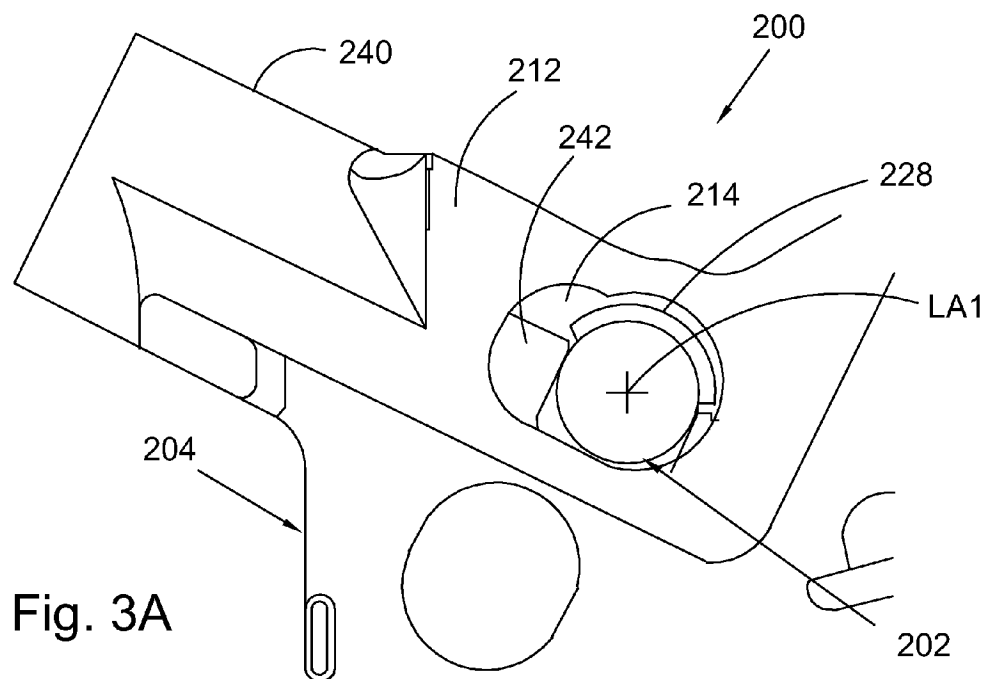
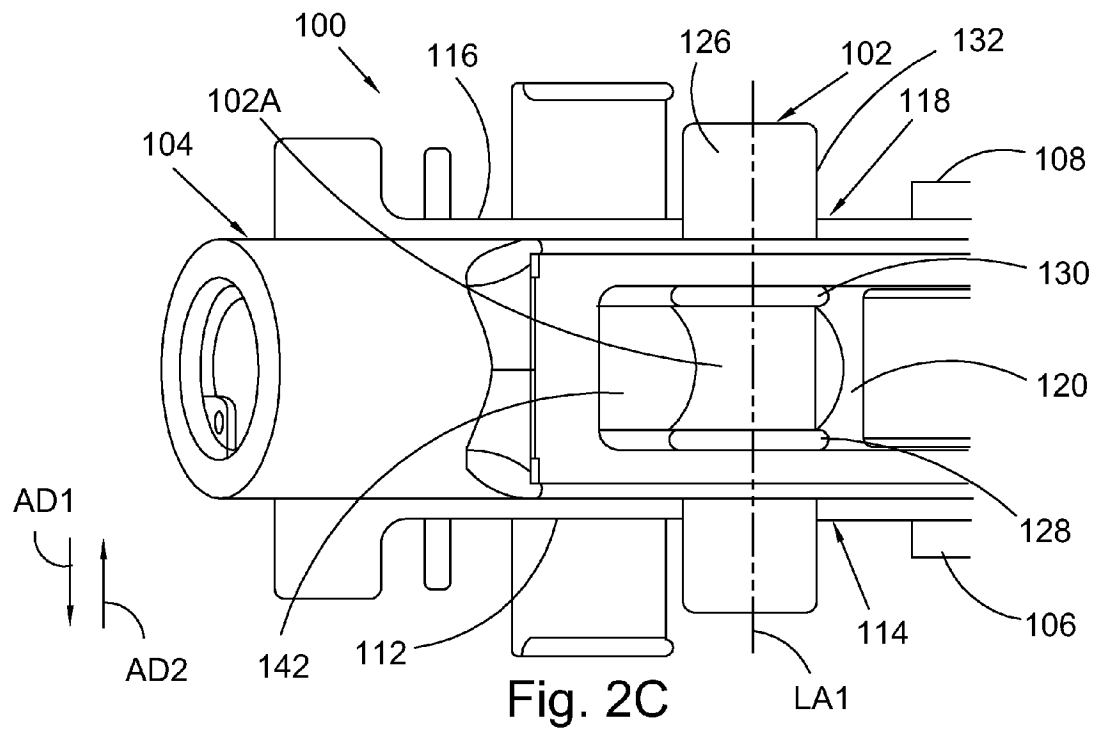
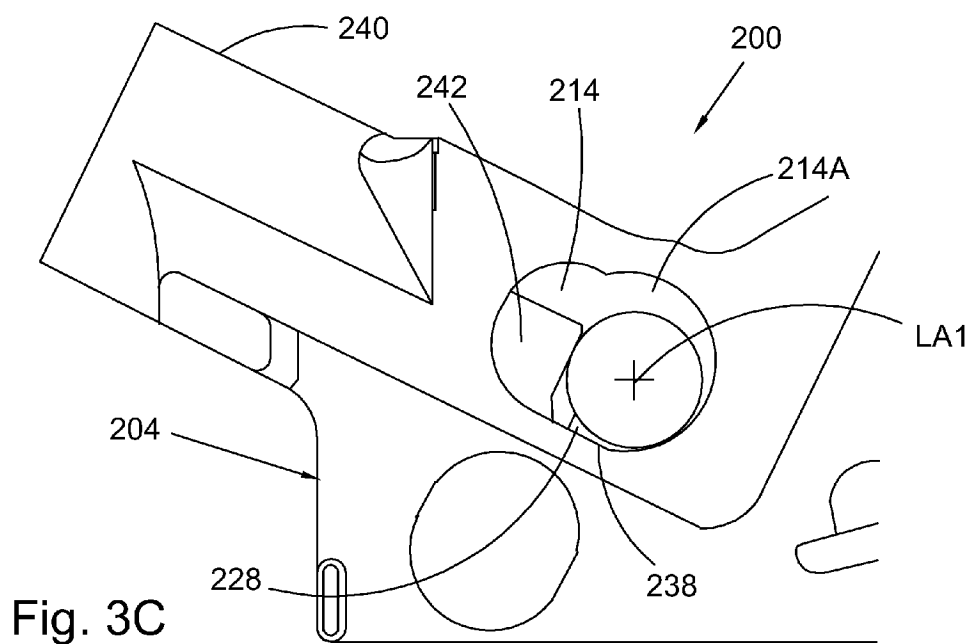
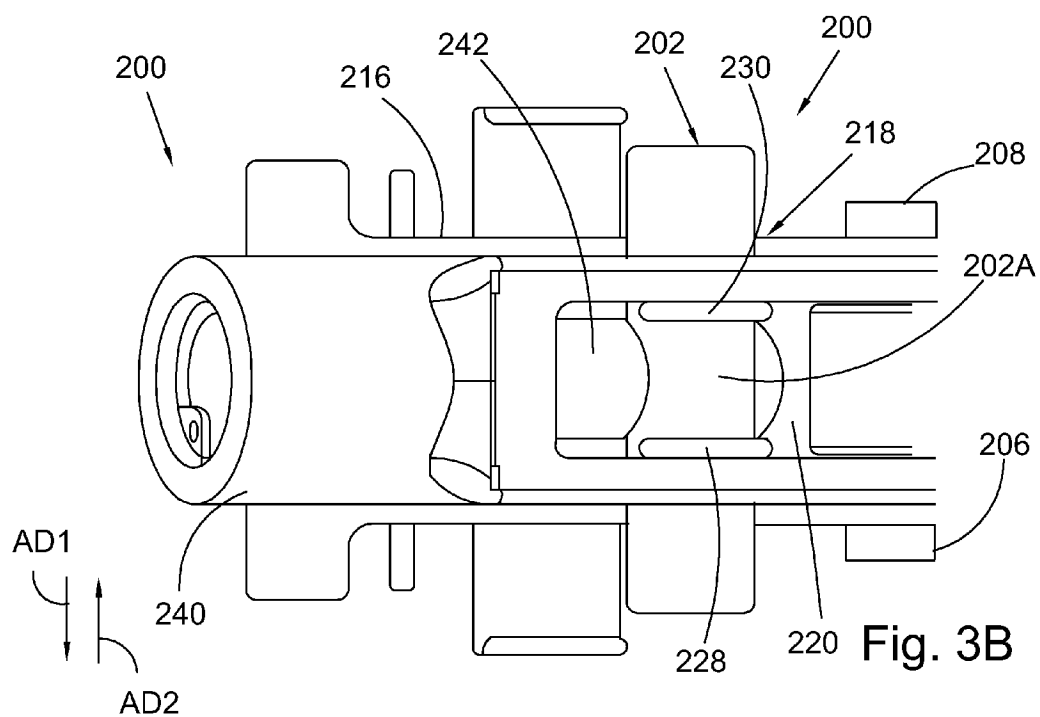


Fig. 2B





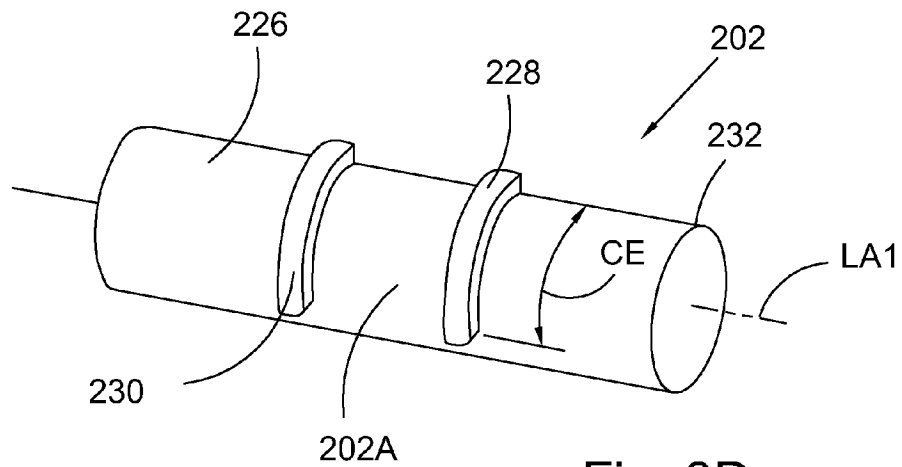


Fig. 3D

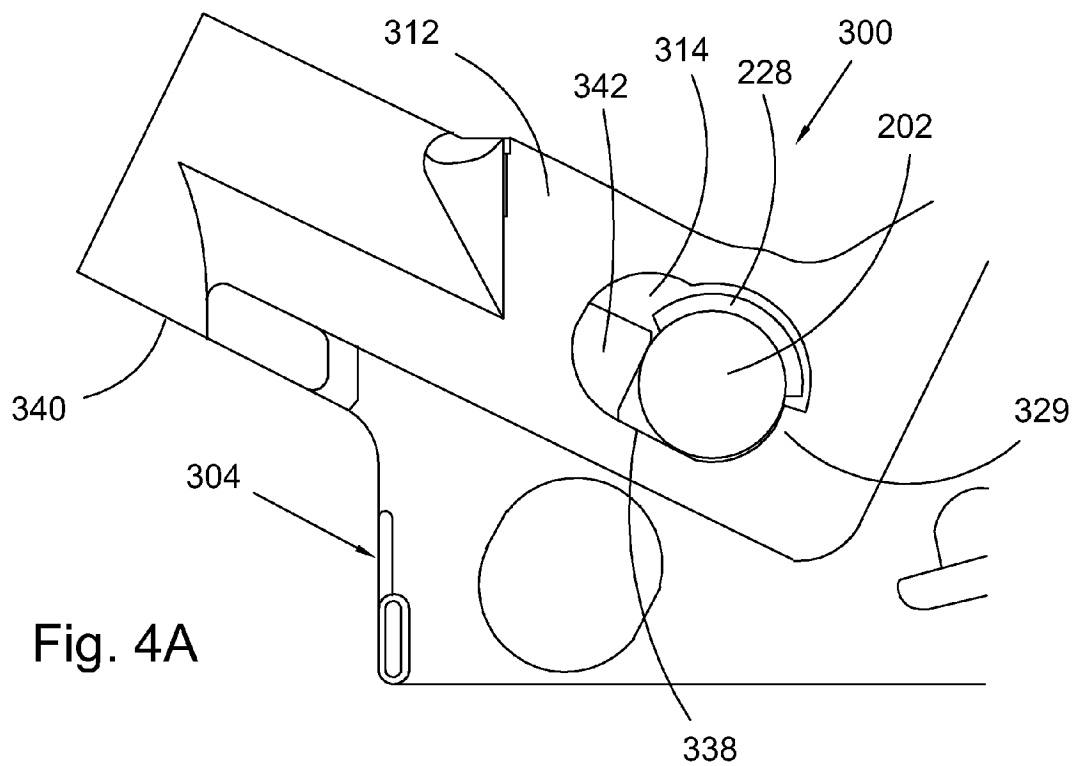
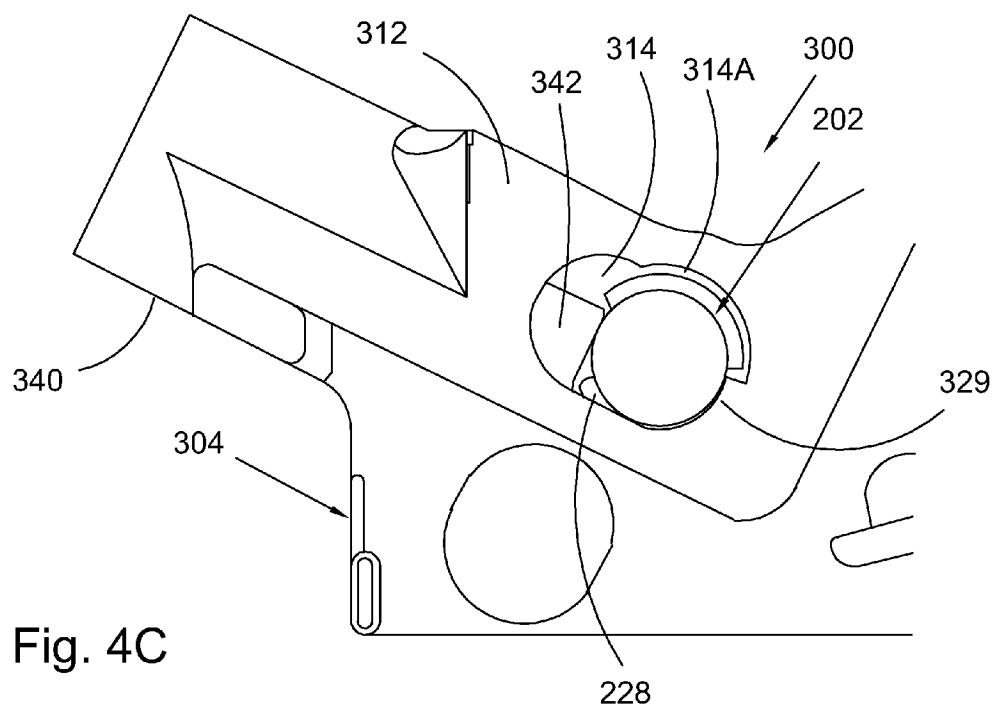
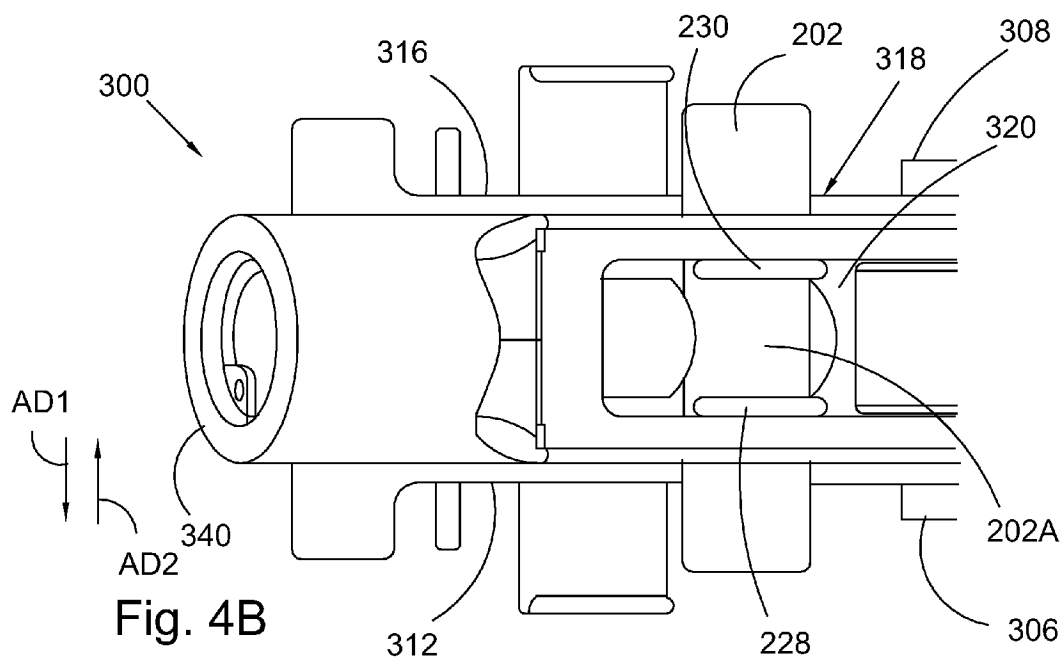
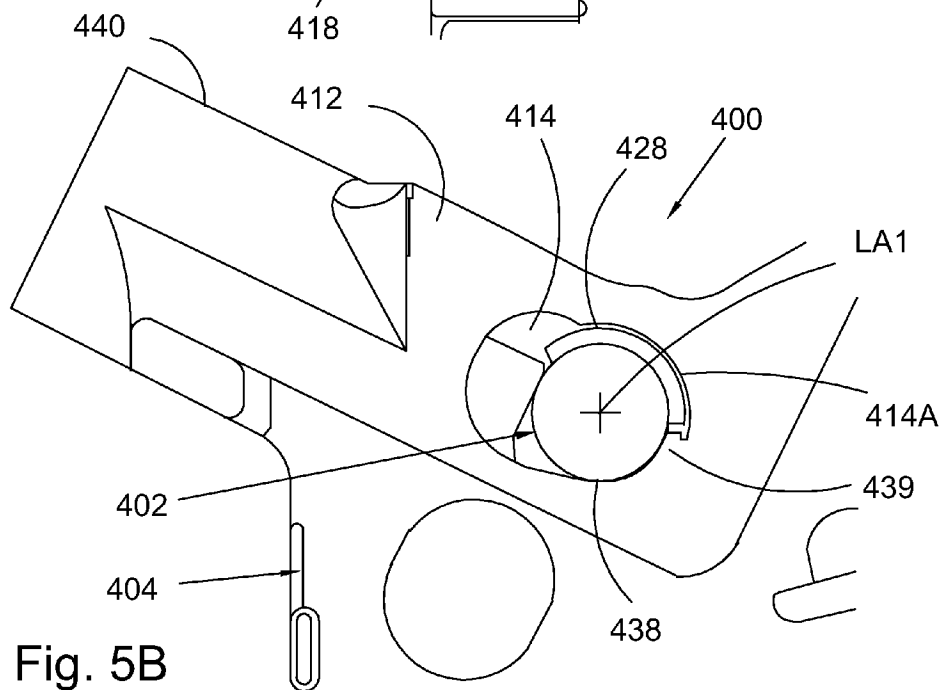
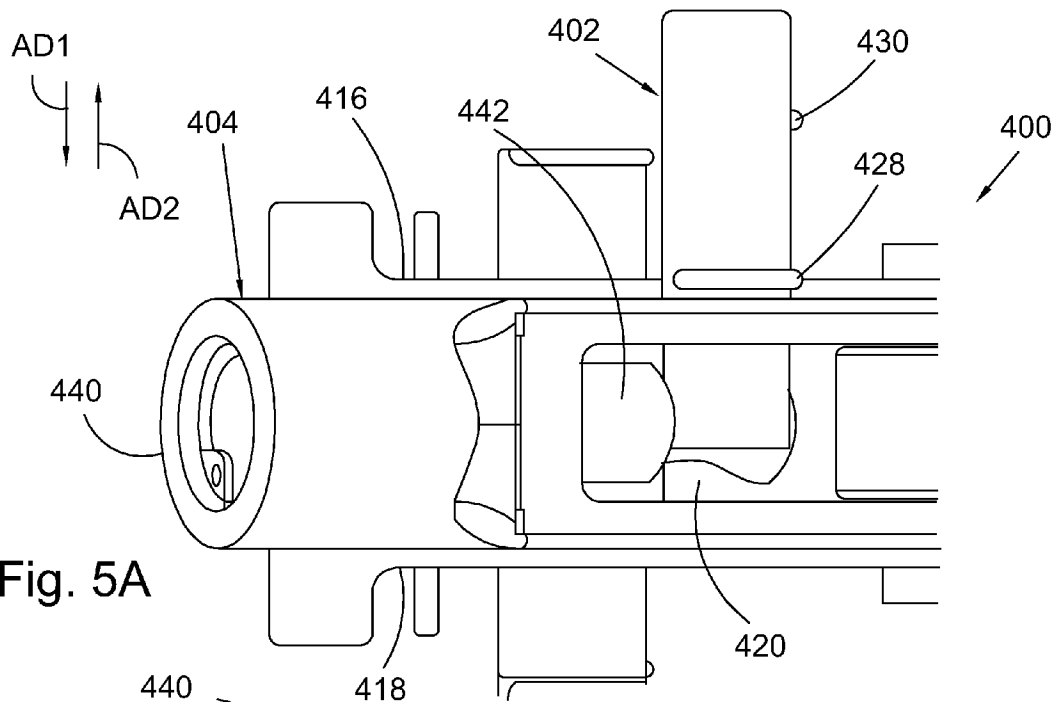
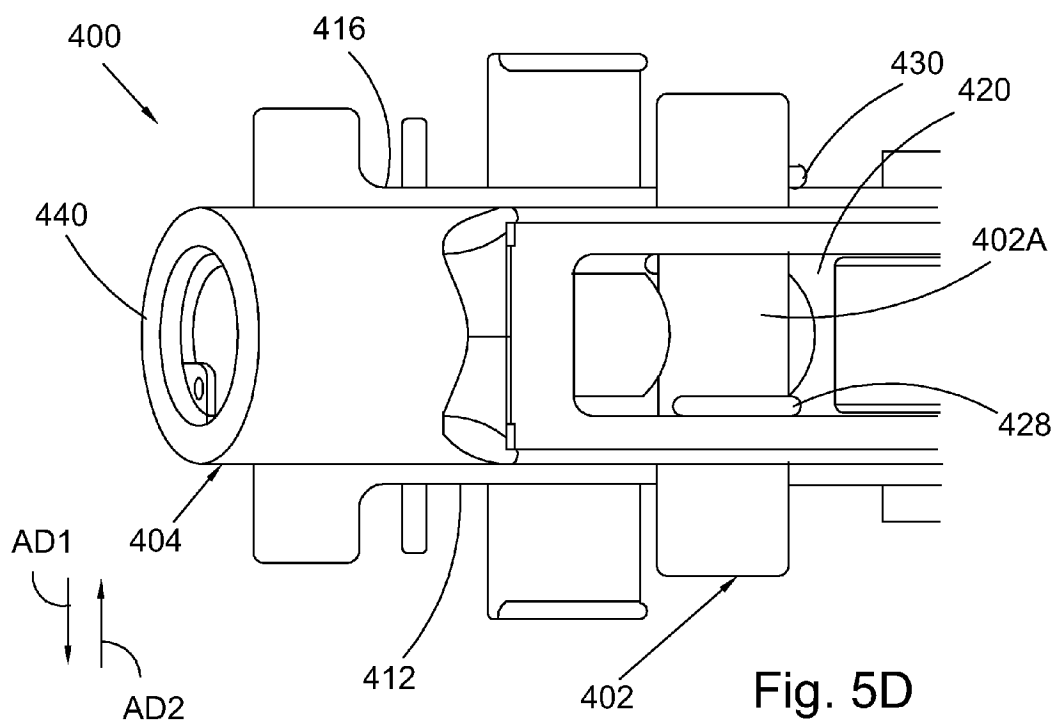
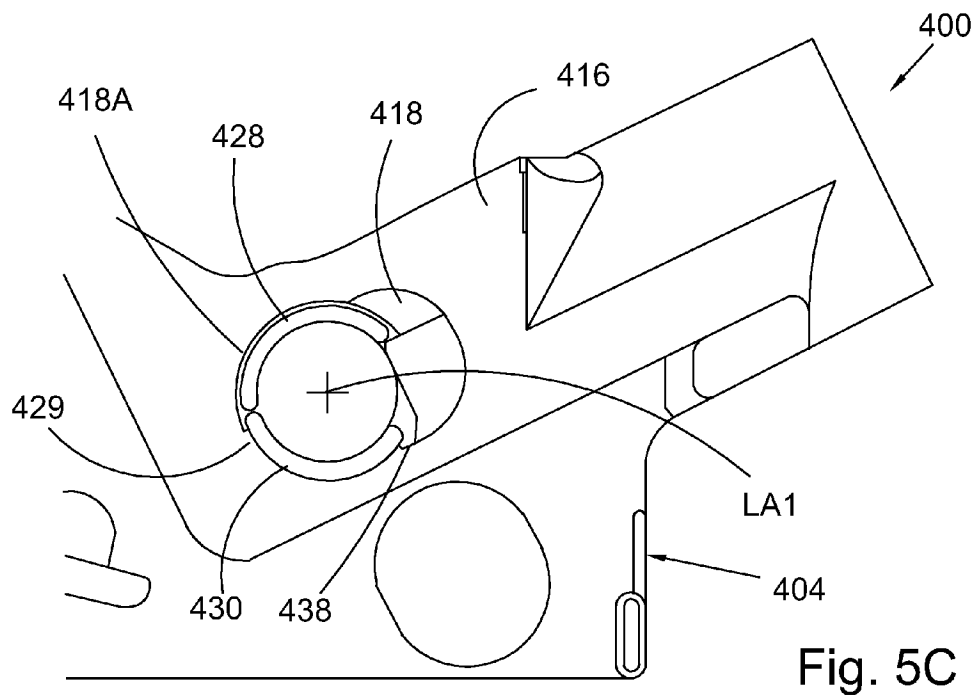


Fig. 4A







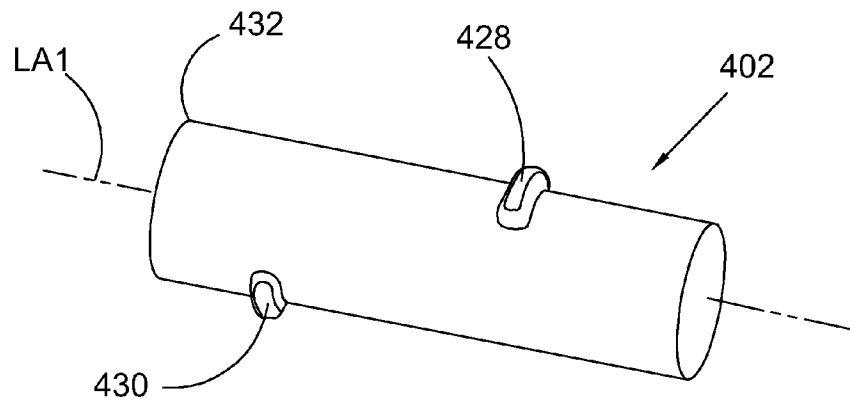


Fig. 5E

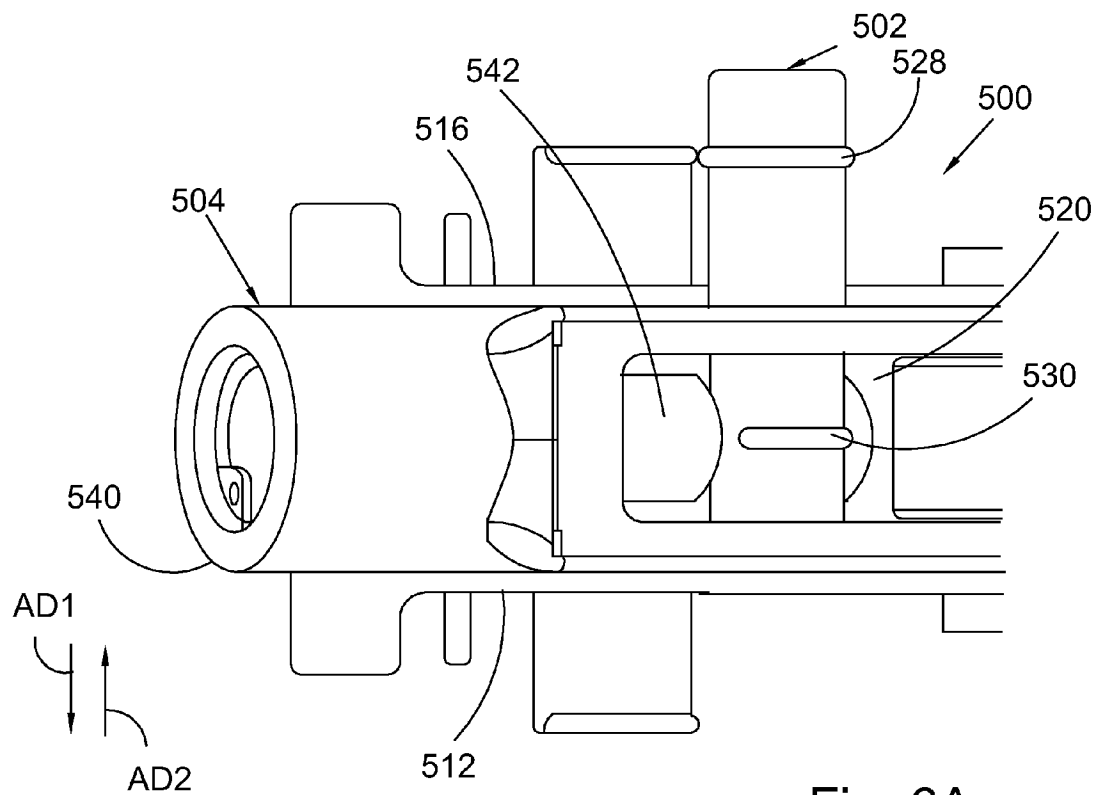
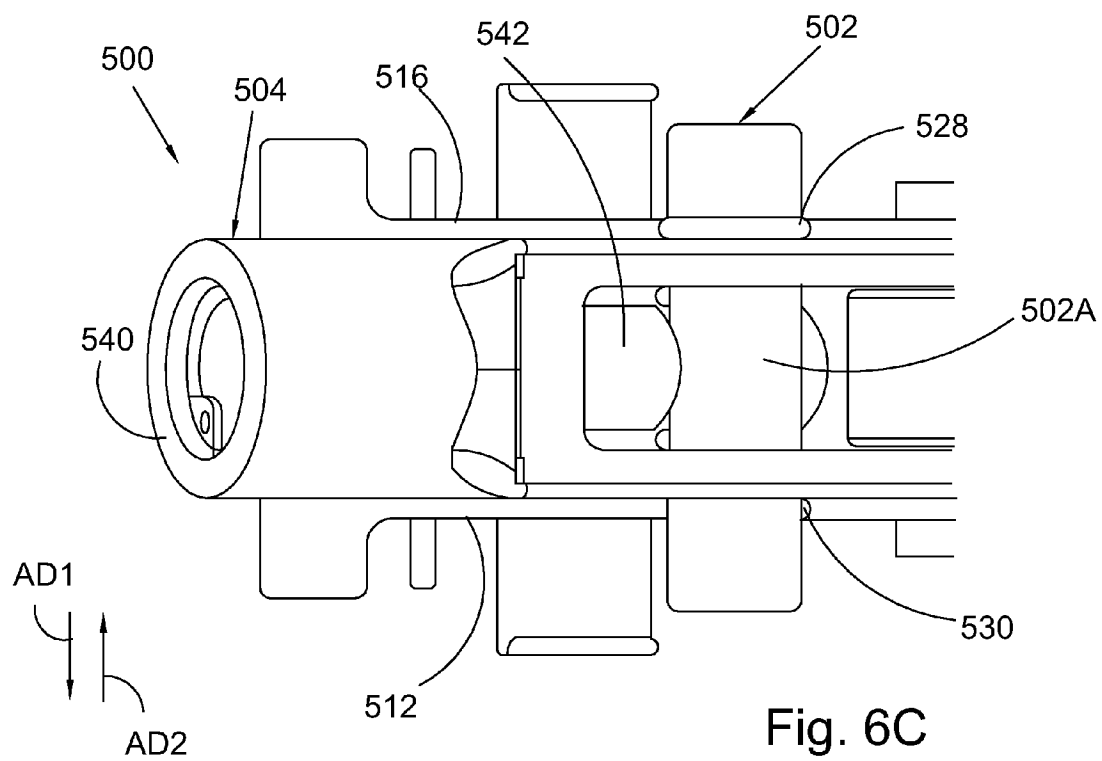
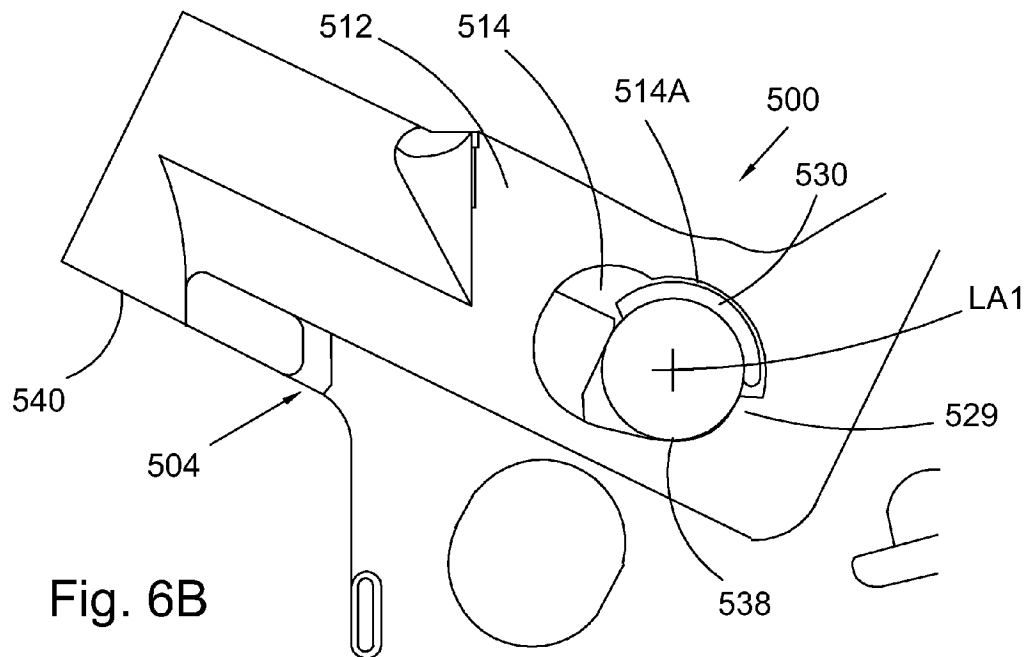
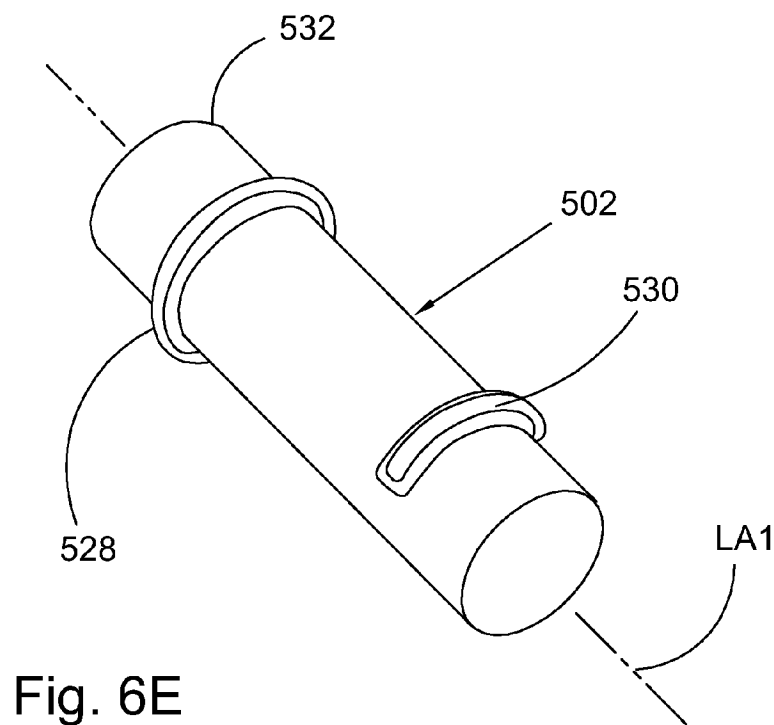
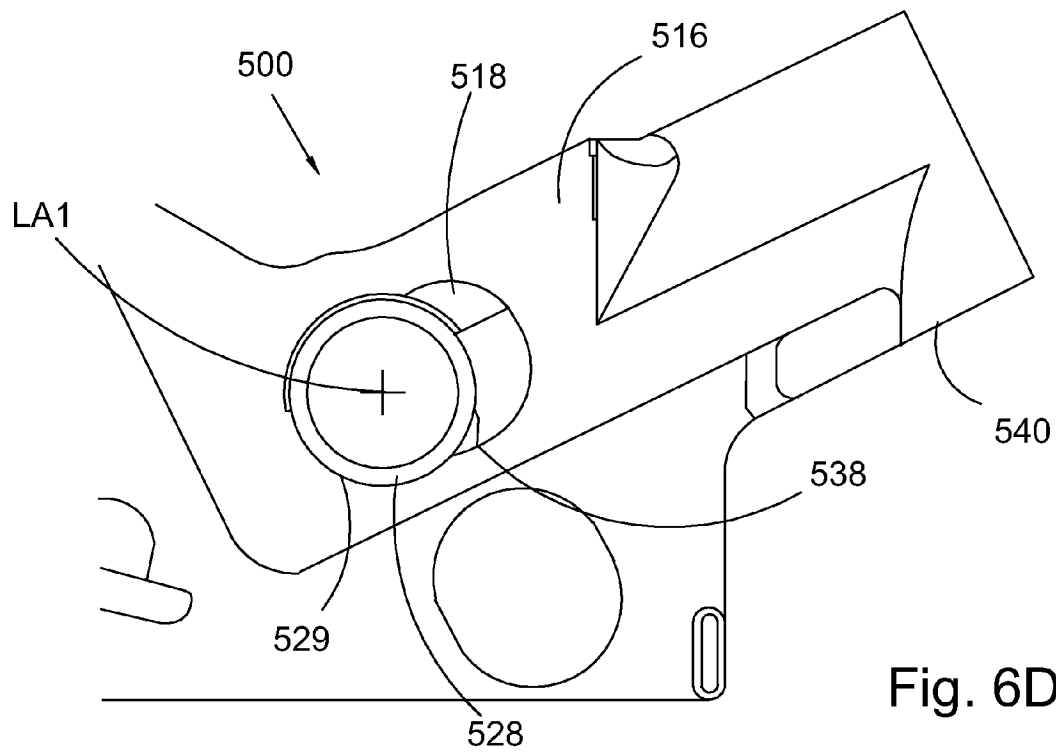


Fig. 6A





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SWITCHING ROLLER FINGER FOLLOWER WITH LOCKING MECHANISM

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATIONS

This application claims the benefit under 35 U.S.C. §119 (e) of U.S. Provisional Patent Application No. 61/820,971, filed May 8, 2013, which application is incorporated herein by reference in its entirety.

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present disclosure relates to a switching roller finger follower with a locking mechanism for use with a valve train of an internal combustion engine. In particular the locking mechanism includes a locking pin with integral protrusions arranged to engage the inside or the outside of a housing for the follower to ensure desired positioning of the locking pin. The housing includes openings sized and shaped to accommodate installation of the locking pin.

BACKGROUND

Known switching roller finger followers use a shuttle pin to control position of a locking pin. In a first mode, the locking pin is positioned to contact side arms on the follower to prevent full pivoting of the arms. In a second mode, the locking pin is positioned to be out of the pivoting path of the side arms. Both positions are necessary for typical functioning of the follower. In some instances, the locking pin can be knocked out of alignment, for example, such that in first mode, the pin is no longer in the pivoting path of the side arms and does not prevent full pivoting of the arms. In this case, the functioning of the device connected to the follower, for example, a valve in a valve train, will be adversely affected. Currently, retaining clips are used at the ends of the locking pins to retain locking pins with the housing. Assembly of locking pins requires extra parts and extra operations that are undesirable.

SUMMARY

According to aspects illustrated herein, there is provided a switching roller finger follower, including: a housing with a first wall with a first opening, a second wall with a second opening, and an interior space at least partially formed by the first and second walls; first and second pivotable outer arms; and a locking pin disposed in the first and second openings and including a first longitudinal axis, a body, and first and second protrusions extending radially outward from the body, formed of a same single piece of material as the body, and at least one of which is located within the interior space. A respective portion of at least one of the first or second protrusions is aligned with the first or second wall in a direction parallel to the first longitudinal axis. The locking pin is displaceable such that: in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts the first and second outer arms to block pivoting of the first and second outer arms in a first rotational direction; and in an unlocked mode, the locking pin is free of contact with the first and second outer arms.

According to aspects illustrated herein, there is provided a switching roller finger follower, including: a housing with a first wall with a first opening wholly surrounded by the first wall, a second wall with a second opening wholly surrounded by the second wall, and an interior space at least partially formed by the first and second walls; first and second pivot-

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able outer arms; and a locking pin disposed in the interior space and in first and second openings and including a first longitudinal axis, a body, and first and second protrusions. The protrusions extend radially outward from the body, are formed of a same single piece of material as the body, and at least one is located within the interior space or outside of the first or second wall with respect to the space. A respective portion of one of the first or second protrusions is aligned with the first or second wall in a direction parallel to the first longitudinal axis. The locking pin is displaceable such that: in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts the first and second outer arms to block pivoting of the first and second outer arms in a rotational direction; and in an unlocked mode, the locking pin is free of contact with the first and second outer arms.

According to aspects illustrated herein, there is provided a method of fabricating a switching roller finger follower, including: forming a housing with a first wall with a first opening; a second wall with a second opening, and an interior space at least partially formed by the first and second walls; pivotably connecting first and second outer arms to the housing; forming, of one only single piece of material, a locking pin including a first longitudinal axis, a body, and first and second protrusions extending radially outward from the body; inserting the locking pin through the first and second openings; and aligning respective portions of at least one of the first or second protrusions with the first and second walls in a direction parallel to the first longitudinal axis. The locking pin is displaceable such that: in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts the first and second outer arms to block pivoting of the first and second outer arms in a first rotational direction; and in an unlocked mode, the locking pin is free of contact with the first and second outer arms.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Various embodiments are disclosed, by way of example only, with reference to the accompanying schematic drawings in which corresponding reference symbols indicate corresponding parts, in which:

FIG. 1A is a perspective view of a cylindrical coordinate system demonstrating spatial terminology used in the present application;

FIG. 1B is a perspective view of an object in the cylindrical coordinate system of FIG. 2A demonstrating spatial terminology used in the present application;

FIG. 2A is a partial side view of a switching roller finger follower with a locking pin being installed;

FIG. 2B is a partial side view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 2A with the locking pin in place;

FIG. 2C is a partial top view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 2A with the locking pin in place;

FIG. 3A is a partial side view of a switching roller finger follower with a locking pin being installed;

FIG. 3B is a partial top view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 3A fully extended in an axial direction;

FIG. 3C is a partial side view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 3B with the locking pin rotated about 180 degrees;

FIG. 3D is a perspective view of the locking pin in FIG. 3A;

FIG. 4A is a partial side view of a switching roller finger follower with a locking pin being installed;

FIG. 4B is a partial top view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 4A fully extended in an axial direction;

FIG. 4C is a partial side view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 4B rotated about 180 degrees;

FIG. 5A is a partial top view of a switching roller finger follower showing initial installation of a locking pin;

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FIG. 5B is a partial side view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 5A with the locking pin fully extended in an axial direction;

FIG. 5C is a partial side view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 5A with the locking pin in a final position;

FIG. 5D is a partial top view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 5C;

FIG. 5E is a perspective view of the locking pin in FIGS. 5A through 5D;

FIG. 6A is a partial top view of a switching roller finger follower showing a locking pin being installed;

FIG. 6B is a partial side view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 6A;

FIG. 6C is a partial top view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 6A with the locking pin in a final position;

FIG. 6D is a partial side view of the switching roller finger follower in FIG. 6C; and,

FIG. 6E is a perspective view of the locking pin in FIGS. 6A through 6D.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

At the outset, it should be appreciated that like drawing numbers on different drawing views identify identical, or functionally similar, structural elements of the disclosure. It is to be understood that the disclosure as claimed is not limited to the disclosed aspects.

Furthermore, it is understood that this disclosure is not limited to the particular methodology, materials and modifications described and as such may, of course, vary. It is also understood that the terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular aspects only, and is not intended to limit the scope of the present disclosure.

Unless defined otherwise, all technical and scientific terms used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood to one of ordinary skill in the art to which this disclosure belongs. It should be understood that any methods, devices or materials similar or equivalent to those described herein can be used in the practice or testing of the disclosure.

FIG. 1A is a perspective view of cylindrical coordinate system **80** demonstrating spatial terminology used in the present application. The present invention is at least partially described within the context of a cylindrical coordinate system. System **80** has a longitudinal axis **81**, used as the reference for the directional and spatial terms that follow. The adjectives “axial,” “radial,” and “circumferential” are with respect to an orientation parallel to axis **81**, radius **82** (which is orthogonal to axis **81**), and circumference **83**, respectively. The adjectives “axial,” “radial” and “circumferential” also are regarding orientation parallel to respective planes. To clarify the disposition of the various planes, objects **84**, **85**, and **86** are used. Surface **87** of object **84** forms an axial plane. That is, axis **81** forms a line along the surface. Surface **88** of object **85** forms a radial plane. That is, radius **82** forms a line along the surface. Surface **89** of object **86** forms a circumferential plane. That is, circumference **83** forms a line along the surface. As a further example, axial movement or disposition is parallel to axis **81**, radial movement or disposition is parallel to radius **82**, and circumferential movement or disposition is parallel to circumference **83**. Rotation is with respect to axis **81**.

The adverbs “axially,” “radially,” and “circumferentially” are with respect to an orientation parallel to axis **81**, radius **82**, or circumference **83**, respectively. The adverbs “axially,” “radially,” and “circumferentially” also are regarding orientation parallel to respective planes.

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FIG. 1B is a perspective view of object **90** in cylindrical coordinate system **80** of FIG. 1A demonstrating spatial terminology used in the present application. Cylindrical object **90** is representative of a cylindrical object in a cylindrical coordinate system and is not intended to limit the present invention in any manner. Object **90** includes axial surface **91**, radial surface **92**, and circumferential surface **93**. Surface **91** is part of an axial plane, surface **92** is part of a radial plane, and surface **93** is a circumferential surface.

FIG. 2A is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower **100** with locking pin **102** being installed.

FIG. 2B is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower **100** in FIG. 2A with locking pin **102** in place.

FIG. 2C is a partial top view of switching roller finger follower **100** in FIG. 2A with locking pin **102** in place. The following should be viewed in light of FIGS. 2A through 2C. Follower **100** includes housing **104**, outer arms **106** and **108**, and pin **102**. Housing **104** includes wall **112** with opening **114**, wall **116** with opening **118**, and interior space **120** at least partially formed by walls **112** and **116**. Arms **106** and **108** are pivotably connected to walls **112** and **116**, respectively. Pin **102** includes longitudinal axis **LA1**, body **126**, and protrusions **128** and **130** extending radially from body **126** and disposed about at least respective portions of circumference **132** of the locking pin. The locking pin passes through openings **114** and **118** and includes portion **102A** disposed in space **120**. As shown in FIG. 2C and further described below, when installed in the housing, respective portions of protrusions **128** and **130** are aligned with, or alignable with, walls **112** and **116** in directions **AD1** and **AD2** parallel to axis **LA1**. In the example embodiment of FIGS. 2A-2C, openings **114** and **118** are wholly surrounded by walls **112** and **116**, respectively, that is, openings **114** and **116** are wholly surrounded by respective material forming walls **112** and **116**.

Protrusions **128** and **130** are integral to the locking pin, that is, the protrusions and body **126** are formed of a same single piece of material. At least one of protrusions **128** or **130** is located within space **120**; or at least one of protrusions **128** or **130** is located outside of space **120**. In the example of FIGS. 2A through 2C, both protrusion **128** and **130** are located within space **120**, and aligned with walls **112** and **116** in directions **AD1** and **AD2**.

In the example embodiment of FIGS. 2A through 2C, a circumferential extent of protrusions **128** and **130** (about the circumference of the locking pin) is greater than 180 degrees. In the example embodiment of FIGS. 2A through 2C, the circumferential extent of protrusions **128** and **130** (about the circumference of the locking pin) is 360 degrees.

At least one of openings **114** or **118** is sized to enable locking pin **102** and protrusions **128** and/or **130** to be inserted through the opening as shown in FIG. 2A. Once pin **102** is inserted through opening **114** and **118**, gravity holds pin **102** in contact with lower edges **138** of openings **114** and **118**. for the position shown in FIGS. 2B and 2C. The alignment of protrusions **128** and **130** with walls **112** and **116**, respectively, while the protrusions are in space **120**, restrains pin **102** in directions **AD1** and **AD2**. Specifically, the alignment between protrusion **128** and wall **112** prevents movement of pin **102** in direction **AD1**, and the alignment between protrusion **130** and wall **116** prevents movement of pin **102** in direction **AD2**.

In an example embodiment, housing includes locking barrel **140** and follower **100** includes shuttle pin **142**, engaged with pin **102**. Protrusions **128** and **130** are aligned with the shuttle pin in directions **AD1** and **AD2** to provide additional stability. As is known in the art, the locking pin is displaceable via displacement of the shuttle pin such that in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts arms **106** and **108** to block pivoting of

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arms **106** and **108**. In an unlocked mode, the locking pin is displaceable via the shuttle pin such that pin **102** is free of contact with arms **106** and **108** and arms **106** and **108** are free to pivot.

FIG. 3A is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower **200** with locking pin **202** being installed.

FIG. 3B is a partial top view of switching roller finger follower **200** in FIG. 3A with locking pin **200** fully extended in axial direction AD1.

FIG. 3C is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower **200** in FIG. 3B with locking pin **202** rotated about 180 degrees.

FIG. 3D is a perspective view of locking pin **200** in FIG. 3A. The following should be viewed in light of FIGS. 3A through 3D. Follower **200** includes housing **204**, outer arms **206** and **208**, and pin **202**. Housing **204** includes wall **212** with opening **214**, wall **216** with opening **218**, and interior space **220** at least partially formed by walls **212** and **216**. Arms **206** and **208** are pivotably connected to walls **212** and **216**, respectively. Pin **202** includes longitudinal axis LA1, body **226**, and protrusions **228** and **230** extending radially from body **226** and disposed about at least respective portions of circumference **232** of the locking pin. The locking pin passes through openings **214** and **218** and includes portion **202A** disposed in space **220**. As shown in FIGS. 3B and 3C and further described below, when installed in the housing, respective portions of protrusions **228** and **230** are aligned with, or alignable with, walls **212** and **216** in directions AD1 and AD2. In the example embodiment of FIGS. 3A through 3D, openings **214** and **218** are wholly surrounded by walls **212** and **216**, respectively, that is, openings **214** and **216** are wholly surrounded by respective material forming walls **212** and **216**.

Protrusions **228** and **230** are integral to the locking pin, that is, the protrusions and body **226** are formed of a same single piece of material. At least one of protrusions **228** or **230** is located within space **220**; or at least one of protrusions **228** or **230** is located outside of space **220**. In the example of FIGS. 3A through 3C, both protrusion **228** and **230** are located within space **220**, and aligned with walls **212** and **216** in directions AD1 and AD2.

In the example embodiment of FIGS. 3A through 3C, a circumferential extent CE of protrusions **228** and **230** (about the circumference of the locking pin) is less than 180 degrees and protrusions **228** and **230** are aligned in directions AD1/AD2.

At least one of openings **214** or **218** is sized to enable locking pin **202** and protrusions **228** and/or **230** to be inserted through the opening as shown in FIG. 3A. Because protrusions **228** and **230** only extent partly about the circumference of pin **202**, portion **214A** can be smaller than portion **114A** in housing **104**. Once pin **202** is inserted through opening **214** and **218**, gravity holds pin **202** in contact with lower edges **238** of openings **214** and **218**, for example, gravity rotates protrusion **228** radially downward. The alignment of protrusions **228** and **230** with walls **212** and **216**, respectively, restrains pin **202** in directions AD1 and AD2. Specifically, alignment between protrusion **228** and wall **212** prevents movement of pin **202** in direction AD1, and alignment between protrusion **230** and wall **216** prevents movement of pin **202** in direction AD2.

In an example embodiment, housing includes locking barrel **240** and follower **200** includes shuttle pin **242**, engaged with pin **202**. According to the rotation of pin **202**, protrusions **228** and **230** may be aligned with the shuttle pin in directions AD1 and AD2 to provide additional stability. As is known in the art, the locking pin is displaceable via displacement of the

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shuttle pin such that in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts arms **206** and **208** to block pivoting of arms **206** and **208**. In an unlocked mode, the locking pin is displaceable via the shuttle pin such that pin **202** is free of contact with arms **206** and **208** and arms **206** and **208** are free to pivot.

FIG. 4A is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower **300** with locking pin **202** being installed.

FIG. 4B is a partial top view of switching roller finger follower **300** in FIG. 4A with pin **202** fully extended in axial direction AD1.

FIG. 4C is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower in FIG. 4B with locking pin **202** rotated about 180 degrees. The following should be viewed in light of FIGS. 4A through 4C. Follower **300** includes housing **304**, outer arms **306** and **308**, and pin **202**. Housing **304** includes wall **312** with opening **314**, wall **316** with opening **318**, and interior space **320** at least partially formed by walls **312** and **316**. Arms **306** and **308** are pivotably connected to walls **312** and **316**, respectively. Pin **202** passes through openings **314** and **318** and includes portion **202A** disposed in space **320**. When installed in the housing, respective portions of protrusions **228** and **230** are aligned with, or alignable with, walls **312** and **316** in directions AD1 and AD2. In the example embodiment of FIGS. 4A through 4C, openings **314** and **318** are wholly surrounded by walls **312** and **316**, respectively, that is, openings **314** and **316** are wholly surrounded by respective material forming walls **312** and **316**.

At least one of openings **314** or **318** is sized to enable locking pin **202** and protrusions **228** and/or **230** to be inserted through the opening. Because protrusions **228** and **230** only extent partly about the circumference of pin **202**, portion **314A** can be smaller than portion **114A** in housing **104**. Off-set **329** in openings **314** provides more secure retention of pin **202**. A similar off-set (not shown) is part of opening **318**.

Once pin **202** is inserted through opening **314** and **318**, gravity holds pin **202** in contact with lower edges **338** of openings **314** and **318**. The alignment of protrusions **228** and **230** with walls **312** and **316**, respectively, restrains pin **202** in directions AD1 and AD2. Specifically, alignment between protrusion **228** and wall **312** prevents movement of pin **202** in direction AD1, and alignment between protrusion **230** and wall **316** prevents movement of pin **202** in direction AD2.

In an example embodiment, housing includes locking barrel **340** and follower **300** includes shuttle pin **342**, engaged with pin **202**. According to the rotation of pin **202**, protrusions **228** and **230** may be aligned with the shuttle pin in directions AD1 and AD2 to provide additional stability. As is known in the art, the locking pin is displaceable via displacement of the shuttle pin such that in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts arms **306** and **308** to block pivoting of arms **306** and **308**. In an unlocked mode, the locking pin is displaceable via the shuttle pin such that pin **202** is free of contact with arms **306** and **308** and arms **306** and **308** are free to pivot.

FIG. 5A is a partial top view of switching roller finger follower **400** showing initial installation of locking pin **402**;

FIG. 5B is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower **400** in FIG. 5A with locking **402** pin fully extended in axial direction AD1.

FIG. 5C is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower **400** in FIG. 5A with locking pin **402** in a final position.

FIG. 5D is a partial top view of switching roller finger follower **400** in FIG. 5C.

FIG. 5E is a perspective view of locking pin **402** in FIGS. 5A through 5D. The following should be viewed in light of FIGS. 5A through 5E. Follower **400** includes housing **404**, outer arms **406** and **408**, and pin **402**. Housing **404** includes

wall 412 with opening 414, wall 416 with opening 418, and interior space 420 at least partially formed by walls 412 and 416. Arms 406 and 408 are pivotably connected to walls 412 and 416, respectively. Pin 402 passes through openings 414 and 418 and includes portion 402A disposed in space 420. Pin 402 includes protrusions 428 and 430 extending from circumference 432 of the pin. In an example embodiment, at least respective portions of 428 and 430 are misaligned in a direction parallel to axis LA1. In an example embodiment, all of protrusions 428 and 430 are misaligned with each other in a direction parallel to axis LA1. When installed in the housing, respective portions of at least one of protrusions 428 or 430 is aligned with, or alignable with, walls 412 and 416 in directions AD1 and AD2. For example, in FIGS. 5C and 5D, protrusion 430 is aligned with wall 416. In the example embodiment of FIGS. 5A through 5D, openings 414 and 418 are wholly surrounded by walls 412 and 416, respectively, that is, openings 414 and 416 are wholly surrounded by respective material forming walls 412 and 416.

At least one of openings 414 or 418 is sized to enable locking pin 402 and protrusions 428 and/or 430 to be inserted through the opening. For example, portion 418A, similar to portion 414A, is sized to enable protrusion 428 to pass and enables off-set 429 to remain in place. Because protrusions 428 and 430 only extend partly about the circumference of pin 402, portions 414A and 418A can be smaller than portion 114A in housing 104. Off-set 429 in opening 418 provides more secure retention of pin 402 in direction AD1.

Once pin 402 is inserted through opening 414 and 418, gravity holds pin 402 in contact with lower edges 438 of openings 414 and 418. The alignment of protrusion 430 with wall 416 restrains pin 402 in direction AD1.

In an example embodiment, housing includes locking barrel 440 and follower 400 includes shuttle pin 442, engaged with pin 402. Protrusion 428 is sized and positioned such that at least a portion of protrusion 428 is aligned with shuttle pin 442, which restrains pin 402 in direction AD2. As is known in the art, the locking pin is displaceable via displacement of the shuttle pin such that in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts arms 406 and 408 to block pivoting of arms 406 and 408. In an unlocked mode, the locking pin is displaceable via the shuttle pin such that pin 402 is free of contact with arms 406 and 408 and arms 406 and 408 are free to pivot.

FIG. 6A is a partial top view of switching roller finger follower 500 showing locking pin 502 being inserted.

FIG. 6B is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower 500 in FIG. 6A.

FIG. 6C is a partial top view of switching roller finger follower 500 in FIG. 6A with locking pin 502 in a final position.

FIG. 6D is a partial side view of switching roller finger follower 500 in FIG. 5C.

FIG. 6E is a perspective view of locking pin 502 in FIGS. 5A through 5D. The following should be viewed in light of FIGS. 5A through 5E. The following should be viewed in light of FIGS. 5A through 5E. Follower 500 includes housing 504, outer arms 506 and 508, and pin 502. Housing 504 includes wall 512 with opening 514, wall 416 with opening 518, and interior space 520 at least partially formed by walls 512 and 416. Arms 506 and 508 are pivotably connected to walls 512 and 516, respectively. Pin 502 passes through openings 514 and 518 and includes portion 503A disposed in space 520. Pin 502 includes protrusions 528 and 530 extending from circumference 532 of the pin. In an example embodiment, pin 528 extends about the entire circumference 532 and pin 530 extends only about a portion of circumference 532. When installed in the housing, respective portions of at least

one of protrusions 528 or 530 are aligned with, or alignable with, walls 512 and 516 in directions AD1 and AD2. For example, in FIGS. 5C and 5D, protrusion 530 is outside of wall 512 and at least partially aligned with wall 512, and protrusion 528 is outside of wall 516 and at least partially aligned with wall 516. In the example embodiment of FIGS. 5A through 5D, openings 514 and 518 are wholly surrounded by walls 512 and 516, respectively, that is, openings 514 and 516 are wholly surrounded by respective material forming walls 512 and 516.

Opening 518 is sized to enable locking pin 502 and protrusion 530 to be inserted through the opening. For example, portion 518A is sized to enable protrusion 530 to pass while off-set 529 is in place. Because protrusion 530 only extends partly about the circumference of pin 502, portion 518A can be smaller than portion 114A in housing 104. Off-set 529 in opening 514 provides more secure retention of pin 502 in direction AD2. The full circumference of protrusion 528 provides maximum retention in direction AD1; however, since protrusion 528 does not need to pass through opening 518, 518 can be sized to fit only smaller protrusion 530.

Once pin 502 is inserted through opening 514 and 518, gravity holds pin 502 in contact with lower edges 538 of openings 514 and 518.

In an example embodiment, housing includes locking barrel 540 and follower 500 includes shuttle pin 542, engaged with pin 502. As is known in the art, the locking pin is displaceable via displacement of the shuttle pin such that in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts arms 506 and 508 to block pivoting of arms 506 and 508. In an unlocked mode, the locking pin is displaceable via the shuttle pin such that pin 502 is free of contact with arms 506 and 508 and arms 506 and 508 are free to pivot.

Advantageously, the respective configurations of followers 100 through 500 prevent the misalignment of respective locking pins, solving the problem noted above. In particular, respective protrusions on pins 102, 202, 302, and 502 are aligned with the sides of the followers and in some cases, shuttle pins for the followers, to block undesired axial displacement of the pins. In addition, circumferential extents of the various pins are advantageously configured to enhance the axial blocking while minimizing the size of the opening required for installation of the pin while increasing ease of installation. In general, minimizing the size of the opening enhances the axial blocking as well.

It will be appreciated that various of the above-disclosed and other features and functions, or alternatives thereof, may be desirably combined into many other different systems or applications. Various presently unforeseen or unanticipated alternatives, modifications, variations, or improvements therein may be subsequently made by those skilled in the art which are also intended to be encompassed by the following claims.

The invention claimed is:

1. A switching roller finger follower for a valve train of an internal combustion engine, comprising:

a housing including:

a first wall with a first opening;

a second wall with a second opening; and,

an interior space at least partially formed by the first and second walls;

first and second pivotable outer arms; and,

a locking pin disposed in the first and second openings and including:

a first longitudinal axis;

a body; and,

first and second protrusions:

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extending radially outward from the body;
 formed of a same single piece of material as the body;
 and,
 at least one of which is located within the interior
 space, wherein:

5 a respective portion of at least one of the first or second
 protrusions is aligned with the first or second wall in a
 direction parallel to the first longitudinal axis; and,
 the locking pin is displaceable such that:

10 in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts the first and
 second outer arms to block pivoting of the first and
 second outer arms in a rotational direction; and,
 in an unlocked mode, the locking pin is free of contact
 with the first and second outer arms.

15 2. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1, wherein:
 a respective circumferential extent of each of the first and
 second protrusions is less than 180 degrees.

20 3. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1, wherein:
 a respective circumferential extent of each of the first and
 second protrusions is greater than 180 degrees.

4. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1, wherein:
 at least a portion of the first protrusion is misaligned with
 the second protrusion in the direction.

25 5. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1, wherein:
 the first and second protrusions are wholly misaligned in
 the direction.

6. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1, wherein:
 each of the first and second protrusions is disposed within
 the interior space.

30 7. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1, wherein:
 one of the first and second protrusions is disposed within
 the interior space; and,
 the other of the first and second protrusions is disposed
 outside of the housing.

35 8. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1, wherein:
 each of the first and second protrusions is disposed outside
 of the housing.

9. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1, wherein:
 a circumferential extent of the first protrusion is 360
 degrees; and,
 a circumferential extent of the second protrusion is less
 than 360 degrees.

40 10. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1,
 wherein:
 each of the first and second protrusions is aligned with the
 first or second wall in the direction parallel to the first
 longitudinal axis.

45 11. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1,
 wherein:
 the locking pin is insertable into the space through the first
 or second opening.

50 12. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1,
 wherein:
 the first opening is wholly surrounded by first material
 forming the first wall; and,
 the second opening is wholly surrounded by second mate-
 rial forming the second wall.

13. The switching roller finger follower of claim 1,
 wherein:
 the housing includes a locking barrel, the switching roller
 finger follower further comprising:
 a shuttle pin disposed in the locking barrel and the space
 and engaged with the locking pin, wherein:
 at least one of the first or second protrusions is aligned with
 the shuttle pin in the direction parallel to the first longi-
 tudinal axis.

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14. A switching roller finger follower for a valve train of an
 internal combustion engine, comprising:
 a housing including:
 a first wall with a first opening wholly surrounded by the
 first wall;
 a second wall with a second opening wholly surrounded
 by the second wall; and,
 an interior space at least partially formed by the first and
 second walls;
 first and second pivotable outer arms; and,
 a locking pin disposed in the interior space and in first and
 second openings and including:
 a first longitudinal axis;
 a body; and,
 first and second protrusions:
 extending radially outward from the body; and,
 formed of a same single piece of material as the body;
 and,
 at least one of which is located within the interior
 space or outside of the first or second wall with
 respect to the space, wherein:
 a respective portion of one of the first or second protrusions
 is aligned with the first or second wall in a direction
 parallel to the first longitudinal axis; and,
 the locking pin is displaceable such that:
 in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts the first and
 second outer arms to block pivoting of the first and
 second outer arms in a rotational direction; and,
 in an unlocked mode, the locking pin is free of contact with
 the first and second outer arms.

15 15. A method of fabricating a switching roller finger fol-
 lower for a valve train of an internal combustion engine,
 comprising:
 forming a housing including:
 a first wall with a first opening;
 a second wall with a second opening; and,
 an interior space at least partially formed by the first and
 second walls;
 pivotably connecting first and second outer arms to the
 housing;
 forming, of one only single piece of material, a locking pin
 including:
 a first longitudinal axis;
 a body; and,
 first and second protrusions extending radially outward
 from the body;
 inserting the locking pin through the first and second open-
 ings; and,
 aligning respective portions of at least one of the first or
 second protrusions with the first and second walls in an
 axial direction parallel to the first longitudinal axis,
 wherein:
 the locking pin is displaceable such that:
 in a locked mode, the locking pin contacts the first and
 second outer arms to block pivoting of the first and
 second outer arms in a rotational direction; and,
 in an unlocked mode, the locking pin is free of contact
 with the first and second outer arms.

20 16. The method of claim 15, wherein forming a locking pin
 with first and second protrusions includes:
 forming a respective circumferential extent of each of the
 first and second protrusions to be less than 180 degrees;
 or,
 forming a respective circumferential extent of each of the
 first and second protrusions to be greater than 180
 degrees.

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17. The method of claim 15, wherein forming a locking pin with first and second protrusions includes:

forming at least a portion of the first protrusion to be misaligned with the second protrusion in the axial direction.

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18. The method of claim 15, wherein forming a locking pin with first and second protrusions includes:

forming the first and second protrusion to be wholly misaligned in the axial direction; or,
locating each of the first and second protrusions within the interior space.

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19. The method of claim 15, further comprising:

locating only one of the first or second protrusions within the interior space.

20. The method of claim 15, further comprising:

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locating each of the first and second protrusions outside of the housing.

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